



National Institute of Technology Meghalaya
An Institute of National Importance

CURRICULUM

Programme	Bachelor of Technology in Computer Science and Engineering	Year of Regulation	2019-20
Department	Computer Science and Engineering	Semester	V

Course Code	Course Name	Credit Structure				Marks Distribution			
		L	T	P	C	INT	MID	END	Total
CS 323	COMPUTATIONAL GEOMETRY	3	0	0	3	50	50	100	200

Course Objectives	To introduce techniques for designing efficient algorithms for geometric problems.	Course Outcomes	CO1	Develop efficient algorithms by exploiting geometric properties, and using appropriate data structures and geometric techniques.
	To discuss data structures used for geometric problems		CO2	Apply techniques and algorithms for solving problems in diversified fields like database searching, data mining, graphics and image processing, pattern recognition, computer vision, motion planning and robotics.
	To introduce combinatorial complexity of geometric problems.		CO3	Perform complexity analysis of algorithms
	To study rigorous algorithmic analysis of geometric problems.		CO4	Identify properties of geometric objects, express them as lemmas or theorems, and prove their correctness
			CO5	Implement geometric algorithms
			CO6	

No.	COs	Mapping with Program Outcomes (POs)												Mapping with PSOs		
		PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
1	CO1	3	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	3	0	3
2	CO2	3	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	2
3	CO3	2	3	3	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	2
4	CO4	2	2	3	0	2	2	3	0	2	0	0	1	2	3	2
5	CO5	2	2	3	0	2	2	3	0	2	0	0	1	3	3	3
6	CO6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

SYLLABUS

No.	Content	Hours	COs
I	Geometric Preliminaries, DCEL (Doubly Connected Edge List) data structure, Polygon, Planar Straight Line Graph (PSLG) Area of a triangle, area of a polygon, Determinant used to test position of a point with respect to a directed line. Convex polygons, properties and point location in convex polygon (inside-outside test) Plane sweep algorithm, Algorithm for Line segment intersection problem using plane sweep technique.	06	CO1
II	Point location in PSLG – Slab method, Chain method and complexity analysis. Range Searching – 1D Range search, Kd Trees.	06	CO1, CO2
III	Polygon Triangulation: Regularization of polygons, properties of triangulations –Proofs, triangulation of monotone polygon – algorithm and complexity analysis. Linear Programming – Half plane intersection, Incremental algorithm and Randomized algorithm	08	CO1 CO2 CO3
IV	Art Gallery Theorem, Guarding Art Gallery, Fisk’s proof using three colouring. Arrangements of Lines – Duality, Combinatorics of arrangements, Zone Theorem, Algorithm for Constructing arrangements of lines.	06	CO3 CO4
V	Convex Hulls- Convex Hull Algorithms in the Plane -Graham’s Scan Algorithm, Jarvi’s March, Divide and Conquer Algorithm.	06	CO4 CO5
VI	Voronoi Diagrams- Properties and applications in the plane. Proofs of properties related to vertices and edges of voronoi diagrams, Algorithm for constructing voronoi diagram, Delaunay Triangulation.	08	CO2 CO5
Total Hours		40	

Essential Readings:

1. Franco P. Preparata and Michael Ian Shamos, Computational Geometry an Introduction. Texts and Monographs in Computer Science, Publisher: Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg, 1985, 1st Edition.
2. Joseph O’Rourke, Computational Geometry in C. Cambridge University Press, 2nd Edition, 2012.
3. Mark. de Berg, Marc. van Kreveld, Mark. Overmars and Otfried Cheong, Computational Geometry- Algorithms and Applications. Publisher: Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg, 3rd Edition, 2008.

Supplementary Readings:

1. Herbert Edelsbrunner, Algorithms in Combinatorial Geometry, EATCS Monographs on Theoretical Computer Science, Publisher: Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg, 1987, 1st Edition.
2. Joseph O’Rourke, Art Gallery Theorems, Publisher: Oxford University Press, 1987, 1st Edition.
3. De Berg, van Kreveld, Overmars, and Schwarzkopf Computational, Geometry Algorithms and Applications, Publisher: Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg, 2000, 2nd Edition.